Science Blog worksheet - Year 4

Topic: Skeletons (Revision)

Answers

Q1. Fill in the blanks

1.	Fish have sets of ribs.
2.	An adult human has bones.
3.	Children have bones.
4.	The framework of bones is called
5.	Most bones are and strong.
6.	A photograph which allows doctors to see the bones is called an
7.	Bones do not away when they are buried underground.
8.	Any kind of living thing that does not exist anymore is said to be
9.	Sauropod died over million years ago.
10.	The oldest dinosaur bones ever found were years old.
11.	Our skeleton grows until we are an
12.	The information used to answer a question is known as
13.	There are types of skeletons.
14.	Animals that have skeletons inside them are called
15.	Invertebrates have skeleton and skeleton.
16.	Skeleton, and our body.
17.	A worm is not protected from damage because it has no parts.
18.	The of hermit crabs are quite soft.
	The protects our brain.
20.	The ribs protects our and
21.	A worm's body is made of sections full of liquid.
22.	A crab has a outer covering rather than hard bones inside it.
23.	The parts of our body where bones meet and move are called
	Elbow joint and knee joint are called joints
	are the parts of our body which can move other parts of our body.
	When we lift the arm, the contracts and the relaxes.
	When we lower the arm the biceps and the triceps
	Muscles can only pull but cannot
	Earthworms move using their two sets of
	There are types of muscles.
	Our does not have any bone.
	There are thousands of muscles in our body but only of them have names.
	When a muscle gets and, we say that it contracts.
	When a muscle gets longer and thinner, we say that it
	When we exercise our muscles
36.	won the London Marathon.
	Runners train hard to build muscles.
	Muscles are attached to bones by strong cords called
39.	If a muscle is exercised too much, its tendons may swell up and become painful, this
	condition is called
	A occurs when a ligament is stretched too much and tears.
	A strain occurs when a or is stretched too much and tears.
42.	Muscles slowly get weaker and weaker in

- 1. Two
- 2. 206
- 3. 270
- 4. Skeleton
- 5. hard
- 6. X-ray
- 7. rot
- 8. extinct
- 9. 100
- 10. 230
- 11. adult
- 12. evidence
- 13. three
- 14. Vertebrates
- 15. exo, hydrostatic
- 16. supports, protects, shapes
- 17. hard
- 18. tails
- 19. skull
- 20. heart, lungs
- 21. watery
- 22. hard
- 23. Joint
- 24. Hinge
- 25. Muscles
- 26. biceps, triceps
- 27. relaxes, contracts
- 28. push
- 29. muscles
- 30. three
- 31. tongue
- 32. 640
- 33. shorter, fatter
- 34. relaxes
- 35. work hard
- 36. Paula Radcliffe
- 37. stronger
- 38. Tendons
- 39. Tendonitis
- 40. Sprain
- 41. muscle, tendon
- 42. Muscular dystrophy